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jection. The Hearsay rule is based on more than one reason. It should not be classified as if founded on but one.

In this last connection one may notice that, in accordance with this idea that absence of cross-examination is the only defect in hearsay, Professor Wigmore considers depositions, testimony at a former trial, testimony at a preliminary hearing, and like evidence as being outside the hearsay prohibition entirely. Professor Thayer treats them as one exception to the rule. Thayer, *Cases on Evidence*, 2d ed., 315. This seems the sounder view.

REVIEWS TO FOLLOW :

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THE INCORPORATION AND ORGANIZATION OF CORPORATIONS. T. G. Frost. Boston: Little, Brown & Co. 1905. pp. xlv, 622.

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